

B.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE
SECOND YEAR
FOURTH SEMESTER
(Under CBCS w.e.f 2020-21)

Course-4 : INDIAN POLITICAL PROCESS

Learning Outcomes:

On successful completion of the course the students will be able to :

- Know and understand the federal system of the country and some of the *vital* contemporary emerging issues.
- Evaluate the electoral system of the country and to identify the areas of *electoral reforms*.
- Know the constitutional base and functioning of local governments with *special emphasis* on 73rd& 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts.
- Understand the dynamics of Indian politics, challenges faced and gain a *sensitive* comprehension to the contributing factors.
- Apply the knowledge and critically comprehend the functioning of some of the *regulatory* and governance institutions.
- Propose theoretical outline alternate models

UNIT-I :	FEDERAL PROCESSES
	1. Features of Indian Federal System- Centre-State Relations- Legislative, Administrative and Financial
	2. Emerging Trends in Centre-State Relations-Restructuring Centre- State ^{2/} Relations-Recommendations of Sarkaria Commission, M.M.Punchi Commission ^{2/}

UNIT-II :	ELECTORAL PROCESSES
	1. The Election Commission of India, Powers and Functions.
	2. Issues of Electoral Reforms, Voting Behaviour-Determinants and

Problems of Defections.

UNIT-III :

GROSSROOT DEMOCRACY-DECENTRALISATION

1. Panchayat Raj system-Local and Urban Governments-Structure, Powers and Functions.
2. Democratic Decentralization-Rural Development and Poverty alleviation with reference to 73rd and 74th Constitutional Amendment Acts, Challenges and Prospects.

UNIT-IV :

**SOCIAL DYNAMICS AND EMERGING CHALLENGES TO INDIAN
POLITICAL SYSTEM**

1. Role of Caste, Religion, Language and Regionalism in India.
2. Politics of Reservation, Criminalization of Politics and Internal threats to Security.

UNIT-V :

REGULATORY AND GOVERNANCE INSTITUTIONS

1. NITI Ayog, Finance Commission, Comptroller and Auditor General of India.
2. Central Vigilance Commission, Central Information Commission, Lokpal and Lokayukta.